

**EYE AND EAR.**  
**DR. BAKER**  
**TREATS ALL DISEASES.**  
SPECIAL attention given to all chronic diseases.

All particulars will be given by letter. Dr. Scake can produce one thousand certificates of his perfect success in curing

Cancer, Old Sores, Ulcers, Etc.

*cases, Fistula of every description,  
Scald Head, Wens, Polypus of  
the Nose,  
Or in any other part of the body.*

For every description, and without the use of the knife or any surgical instruments. These last named diseases cannot be cured by any other means; therefore all our patients must place themselves under the Doctor's personal supervision.

Dr. HENCKE has made a new discovery of a "Fluid," which will produce absorption of the "Cancer," and restore permanent vision to the EYE, without resort to knife. All diseases of the

**EYES AND EARS**

Are successfully treated without the use of the knife or needle. Dr. Hencke has constantly on hand also a very extensive assortment of beautiful

**ARTIFICIAL EYES**

AND

**TYMPANUMS, OR EAR-DRUMS**

which are suitable for either sex and all ages—insets in five minutes. Ear Trumpets of every description also—every eye and ear can be cured. Known in the world—a large assortment of beautiful and durable

**ARTIFICIAL HANDS,**

with the Arm and Elbow attachment; ARTIFICIAL

These articles are perfectly natural, and adapted to the use of men, as can be seen by exposure to any part of the world. All kinds of Trusses for Hernia or Rupture every description, for either sex; and Trusses particularly adapted for females in a weak condition; also trusses with *Erolagus* Clery.

Doctor Baake is one of the most celebrated and skillful physicians and surgeons now living. He has been known personally in every principal city of the world.

All letters directed to Dr. Baake must contain the name of the person to whom they are addressed. Chronic disease can be treated by correspondence, except those mentioned, which will require his personal supervision.

**Office Hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.**  
**DOCTOR BAAKE,**  
Office, 704 Broadway, a few Doors above Fourth St.,  
Dec. 13, 1859-1y. New York City.

**HOWARD ASSOCIATION,**  
**PHILADELPHIA.**  
*A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and the Destitute, afflicted with Violent and Epidemic Diseases.*

the destruction of human life caused by sexual diseases and the deceptions practiced upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks; several years ago I directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition. I have, therefore, no objection, but I am glad to see that poverty is not a bar to the FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE. It is needless to add that the Association

The Directors of the Association, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of their Surgeons in the cure of Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism or Self-Abuse, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, &c., and order a continuance of

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent efforts have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves with renewed zeal, to this very important and much neglected cause.

An admirable Report on Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-abuse, by J. A. S. M. D.

Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TV SET and 10¢ in stamps. Reports and Treatments, the nature and treatment of Sexual diseases, dist., &c. are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted. Some of the remedies and methods of treatment discovered during the last year are of great value.

Address, for Report or treatment, DR. J. SKILL HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

EZRA D. HARTWELL, *President*  
 GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary*. [June 6, 1859-wly]

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All Diseases Treated Entirely Free of Charge  
 By Drs. Hardy & Co.  
 AT THEIR

**Medical and Surgical**  
OFFICE, No. 31, East Fourth street, corner of 32d  
more, where he gives his entire attention to the prac-  
tice of Physic and Surgery; had thirty years experience  
in hospitals and private practice, and has devoted twen-  
ty years to curing certain

**PRIVATE DISEASES.**

severe stages. Recent cases are cured in  
**A VERY FEW DAYS.**  
**YOUNG MEN** injured in mind or body by a secret  
 satisfaction, should at once apply. He has cured many  
 thousand such persons, and will restore you to health  
 happiness, friends and society.  
**WOMEN** having derangements peculiar to their sex  
 are invited to call for relief.

Be particular as to the name and number.  
31 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
Persons living at a distance can receive medicines,  
writing a history of their case and sending two stamps.  
Address, DRS. HARDY & CO.  
Jan. 27, 1860—d&wly. Cincinnati, Ohio.

No. 44 Fifth Street, between Jefferson & Green,  
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.  
Real Estate Brokers and Negotiators  
AGENTS for the Sale and Purchase of Real Estate

**A. STRAUS,**  
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer

IN ALL KINDS OF  
FURNITURE & CHAIRS  
NO. 71 WEST FIFTH STREET,  
(BETWEEN WALNUT AND VINE STREET.)

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of w  
made Furniture of all kinds at the lowest prices.  
orders received through the Post Office will be prompt  
ly attended to. (Feb. 15, 1860-1y)

**WANTED TO HIRE.**  
For the balance of the year a NEGRO GIRL, 15 or 16 years old, from a

March 1, 1860-61, R. H. ALDRIDGE







# THE COMMONWEALTH. FRANKFORT.

Published by A. G. HODGES & CO.  
FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1860.

**For County Attorney.**  
We are authorized to announce WILLIAM H. SNEED as a candidate for County Attorney, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of James Monroe. The election will take place on the 13th Monday in August.

**Appointments by the Auditor.**  
C. Bailey, Esq., of Henderson, Assistant Auditor, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of JAMES R. WATSON.  
JAMES M. WITHERS, Esq., of Frankfort, is promoted to the position first of clerk, with the same salary of the Assistant Auditor.

**How THE MONEY GOES.**—The Columbus (O.) Statesman gives the following sorrowful account of the condition of the Treasury of the Buckeye State:

"But the present admitted condition of our State Treasury—the fact that it is unable to meet so much as a demand of one dime against it—has discredited the Republican party, and it now stands out in all its naked deformity. Its pretense that it has managed our State affairs, through Governor Chase, with great economy, turns out to be a gross deception, the truth being that it has collected from the people the largest taxes they have ever paid, it has so managed the public affairs as to bankrupt the Treasury of the State of Ohio, and instead of being entitled to the praise and approval of the people of the State, it deserves the severe rebuke and condemnation of every honest man in the land."

The Louisville Courier is of the opinion that if Douglas is elected President in 1860 "the National Treasury will be in as sorrowful a condition as that of Ohio. The little giant will have so many big giants to supply with offices, contracts, &c., that Uncle Sam's money chest can't stand the plundering." We are of opinion that if Buchanan's administration keeps on in its present course of plundering, the next President, whether Black Republican or not, will have but a poor chance of exhibiting his qualities for stealing, for "we all know that there is not now, never was, and never will be, enough money in the Treasury to supply the wants of the hungry horde" of Democratic plunderers.

**CHARLESTON CONVENTION.**—Nothing of importance has yet been done at Charleston. The Dean Richmond delegation from New York have obtained their seats, and the Wood delegation excluded. The regular Douglas delegation from Illinois, who represent the Democracy of the State, have also obtained seats, and the Danies excluded. The indications are that Douglas will get the nomination. The Platform committee repudiated the Cincinnati Platform by a vote of seventeen to eleven. The Louisville Democrat says "the platform is to be made clear and explicit—to bear but one interpretation." If the Convention succeed in making such a one, it will be an anomaly in the history of Democratic literature. Wonders will never cease.

The Louisville Courier of yesterday says: "If Douglas is nominated the Democracy had as well give up the race, and spend neither money nor time against inevitable fate." Now that is decidedly cool for the organ of Kentucky Democracy! The Courier proclaims the defeat of our party in advance upon the happening of a certain contingency, and that contingency is the nomination of one who exhibits great strength in the Charleston Convention, whether he be able to obtain the nomination or not. Mr. Douglas is not our favorite by a long odds. We should not vote for him if we were a delegate to Charleston, but we expect to vote for the nominee, and moreover that the nominee will be elected President. Mr. Douglas's friends are recognized at Charleston as Democrats, and we rather think the Courier had better not read them out of the party. Won't you support the nominee?—*Yeoman of 26th.*

We will look for the answer to the interrogatory propounded above with considerable interest. Mr. Courier, will you support the nominee? Yes or no?

**RESIGNATION.**—JAMES R. WATSON, Esq., who has occupied the important position of Assistant Auditor for a number of years, has resigned, and C. Bailey, of Henderson, appointed to fill the vacancy. Of Mr. Bailey's qualifications we know nothing, but understand that he is a gentleman of fine business habits, and we have no doubt will make a good officer, but of one thing we are satisfied, that the office can never be filled more ably, and by one more competent, than the late incumbent. Mr. Watson retires for the purpose of engaging in other pursuits, and in whatever business he may choose to display his talents, we feel confident that he will be abundantly successful—at least such is our most earnest wish. Success to you, Squire!

A correspondence is published in the New Orleans True Delta explanatory of "an affair" which nearly occurred lately between Col. S. A. Lockridge and Gen. Wm. Walker. Lockridge met Walker on the street and denounced his late book on Niranaga as totally false, so far as related to the former, informing him also that he should hold him responsible therefor at an early day. To which Walker answered, "When you please, Sir." Col. Lockridge then sent a note by his friend, R. H. Pardum, which note, it appears, was withdrawn for explanation. In answer to another note, Gen. Walker replied that in his book he "did not intend to impugn the honor or courage of Col. Lockridge," and so the affair ended without an appeal to pistols. Capt. Fayssoux was Walker's "friend."

Capt. Geo. W. Triplett, of this city, has been appointed to the command of the new steamer, Ben J. Adams, which has just been finished for the Louisville and New Orleans trade. Capt. Triplett is an experienced and careful officer, and is well known and popular on the river.

The committee on Elections have reported in favor of WM. C. ANDERSON, the member returned from the 4th Congressional District in this State. His seat was contested by Mr. Chrisman.

**CHANGE OF TIME.**—Persons traveling will do well to remember that hereafter the cars from Lexington arrive at 7 o'clock, A. M., and a quarter past 3, P. M.; and from Louisville at half past 3, A. M., and at 6, P. M. See advertisement.

The Hon. JOHN A. DIX has been offered the post of Commissioner under the Paraguay treaty.

## Baltimore Convention.

As the time draws near for the assembling of this body, the greater interest is manifested in the result of its deliberations. From present indications it will be one of the largest political assemblies ever convened, and we may safely conclude that there have been few instances in our country where a Convention possessed of more wisdom and patriotism has assembled; and we may add, these requisites will be necessary to enable its members to arrive at such conclusions, and make such recommendations, as will meet the exigency in which our country is placed.

The Delegates assemble not as partisans, nor the representatives of party merely. A necessity has arisen for the formation of a national organization, brought about by the extreme and dangerous sentiment which pervades the two great contending parties, which is destructive of our peace and threatening the very existence of our Union. To arrest this dangerous sentiment, to restore peace, and preserve our Union, are the sole objects of the formation of this great National Union party—this is their high and patriotic mission. To adopt such measures as will secure these desirable ends they have agreed to meet together in council by their delegates from every position and every section of the Union.

The patriot of the North, as well as of the South, will be there. Old allies from every portion of our Union, who in days gone by have stood side by side in many a contest under their great leader, Henry Clay, will be there also. May the spirit of the great Pacificator pervade this assemblage, elevating them above party, and the narrow views of any particular section, looking to the difficulties by which we are surrounded; firmly standing on the principles of the Constitution, and equal and just rights of every portion of the Union, and exact nothing from the representatives of any section, which they, under similar circumstances, would not be willing to yield. We especially take the liberty of addressing this suggestion to the Southern members of this Convention, and remind them that in the North there are thousands of true and tried political associates who have stood firmly for our cause. In the peculiar relations which the North and South now sustain to each other, a too exacting or arrogant spirit may be the means of driving from our support those who, on all the great and vital subjects which will promote the best interests of our country, agree with us.

The great ends we propose to attain are sufficient to induce us for the present to lay aside minor considerations. We do not desire to be understood as recommending a sacrifice of principle. We stand firmly on our rights under the Constitution and the Union, and of course, all our acts must be in accordance with the fundamental principles of the Constitution. Let us not differ with the Northern representatives on mere abstractions; we need the cordial co-operation of all true men from all sections. They as well as we can consistently unite on the broad platform we have adopted, and if united, our success is certain.

These considerations, in a crisis like the present, should exercise great influence in favor of conciliation, to say nothing of the consequences which a different course must produce, should we by indiscretion cast them off, and compel us hereafter to rely on a local and sectional organization which must be forever ineffective or lead eventually the entire Southern Opposition to be swallowed up in the vortex of Democracy. Let us hold out the Olive branch of peace, inviting all of every section, to co-operate with us in the establishment of principles and the selection of such candidates, as will silence forever the howlings of abolitionists and the cry of disunion, and by the inauguration of such a policy in the Administration of our National affairs, prove to our own country, as well as the world, that the principles on which our Government was founded by our fathers are those best calculated to promote the happiness of man, and the prosperity of any country.

If this Convention but do its duty, and act with that discretion and wisdom which patriotism suggests, let the consequences as to success be what they may, they will have the proud consciousness of knowing that they interposed their influence in favor of the Constitution and the Union, and leave on record their testimony that there were patriots, and not a few, who were willing to sacrifice party and sectional feelings for the preservation of the one, and the perpetuity of the other.—*Sandy Valley Advocate.*

**TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION OF ARIZONA.**—A letter to the St. Louis Republican announces the territorial organization of Arizona. A convention was held at Tucson on the 2d, and a constitution adopted, after which a Governor was elected, Dr. L. S. Owings, of Mesilla, receiving thirty votes, one delegate being absent.

The following is a list of the Territorial officers as the Provisional Government is now organized:

L. S. Owings, Governor.  
Ignacio Orrantia, Lieutenant-Governor.  
James A. Lucas, Secretary.  
M. Aldrich, Treasurer.  
J. H. Wells, Comptroller.  
S. G. Bean, Marshal.

**JUDICIAL.**  
S. W. Cozzens, Judge First Judicial District.  
G. H. Ouy, Judge Second Judicial District.  
E. M. Green, Judge Third Judicial District.  
B. F. Neal, Attorney General.  
Provision was also made for calling out militia for the protection of life and property, which was organized by the appointment of W. C. Wordsworth, Esq., Major-General.

**COUNTY ATTORNEY.**—In to day's issue we announce Wm. H. SNEED as a candidate for County Attorney, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of James Monroe. Mr. Sneed has been acting in that capacity during the illness of Mr. Monroe, and has discharged the duties of the office in a manner highly creditable to himself. He is a young gentleman of fine legal attainments, industrious, energetic, and untiring—qualities that are highly essential in the discharge of the duties of the office. We trust he will be elected by a handsome majority.

**CHARLESTON PRE CAUTION.**—The Charleston Evening News says the hotels will not use beds during the sitting of the Convention, but will put up cots instead, thereby preventing the delegates from sleeping double, and private conversations being divulged, as in the case of Bots and Tyler.

Jonathan said he had two good reasons for talking to himself. In the first place he like to talk to a sensible man, and in the next place, he liked to hear a sensible man talk.

## Freemason's Almanac for 1860.—Morgan.

Morris & Monastar, publishers of Masonic Works, Louisville, Ky., have placed on our table a copy of this unique work, compiled by Rob. Morris, in which we find condensed in 64 large pages, a complete statement of the origin, progress and present condition of Freemasonry in North America, as displayed in Lodges, Chapters, Councils, Encampments, and Consistories; together with tabular synopses, chronological tables, literary announcements and a thesaurus of Masonic precepts, maxims and historical items of incalculable value.

This is the first Masonic Almanac published in thirty-one years. The last was issued during the heat of the anti-masonic excitement and under the depression of political opposition. Now the gavel of Masonry rings, its jewels gleam, its good deeds fructify in every town, village and hamlet in the land, and the Almanac, before us, is a worthy exponent of the whole.

We give a single instance to show the richness of Mr. Morris' resources in Almanac making. Under the date of April 19, we find the following chronological events, all of a strictly Masonic character:

"1777 Henry Clay born. 1792 Lord Durham born. 1854 Grand Encampment of Pennsylvania re-established. 1856 Corner Stone of Monument to Henry Clay at New Orleans planted. 1857 E. Smith Lee, Past Grand Master Michigan, died." These it will be observed are the incidents of a single day in the year. The whole Almanac displays the same inexhaustible profusion.

The price for a single copy is 15 cents, or 10 copies for \$1. We heartily recommend it, not only to Freemasons, but to all who are interested in the social history of our nation.

The great drawback to persons emigrating to the extreme South and Western country, is the fear they have of the Fever and Ague—the most direful of all diseases. Every day we hear of persons attacked by this disease, and made helpless in a short time, without any means of affording relief. In view of the great demand for a remedy Dr. Hostetter has prepared his *Celebrated Stomach Bitters*, whose curative powers for all diseases of the stomach have been universally acknowledged. The Bitters, prepared after a long experience and deep study, have received the encomiums of the most eminent physicians, as well as all classes from every part of our country. To those who doubt their many virtues, all we can say is to try them, and judge for themselves respectively. Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere.

See advertisement in another column.

The Annual Fair of the South-western Agricultural and Mechanical Association will commence on the 21st of August, at their grounds near Louisville. This early day has been selected by the directors so as not to interfere with other fairs in this and neighboring States.

Hendricks still keeps on hand the best of Soda Water, with all kinds of Syrup. Our young friend CHARLES RUSSELL, the accommodating clerk, will take pleasure in waiting on all customers who will give him a call.

We clip the following paragraph from the *Courington Journal*, Mr. Breeden has a large number of friends in this city, who will read it with regret:

Mr. T. L. Breeden, formerly of Cynthiana, was shot and severely wounded about ten days since, in the town of Lebanon, Missouri, by some unknown person.

**KILLED BY LIGHTNING.**—We understand that LEWIS POLLETT, a young gentleman about nineteen years of age, was killed by lightning on last Saturday, at Peake's Mill, in this county. He was the third son of Capt. Robert V. Pollett. Two horses were killed at the same time.

**DENOMINATIONAL OXEN IN TEXAS.**—Texas is a great State. It has not only a large, growing mixed population—every variety of climate and soil, game and stock—but its only oxen have become denominational, if not sectarian, in name, character and spirit. In proof of this we give the following incident: A minister traveling along the road, met a stranger driving his wagon, and who was pulled by four oxen; as the minister approached, he heard the driver say, "Get up Presbyterian!" "Get up, Campbellite!" "Haw, Baptist!" "What are you doing, Methodist?" The minister, struck with the singularity of such names being given to oxen, remarked, "Stranger, you have strange names for your oxen, and I wish to know why you say that?" "I say that," replied the driver, "because he is a true blue, and never falls—he believes in pulling through every difficult place, persevering to the end, and then he knows more than all the rest. The one by his side I call Campbellite; he does very well when you pull him four oxen, as the minister said, but as soon as the world could not keep him out of it, and there he stands as if his journey was ended. This off ox, behind, is a real Baptist, for he is all the time after water and will not wait with the others, but is constantly looking, first on one side, and then on the other, and never ceases to look for a better way. The other, which I call Methodist, makes a great noise and a great to do, and you would think that he was pulling all creation, but he doesn't pull a pound."

The minister having his curiosity gratified with the explanation given, rode on, wondering what he should next see and hear in Texas. This is no dream, but a fact, as we have heard it; nor are we influenced by despotic feelings, in telling our readers the ecclesiastical relation of Texas oxen.—*True Witness.*

**FORNEY ON THE PRESIDENCY.**—The Philadelphia Press has a carefully prepared article on the Presidency, in which a preference is expressed for Douglas as the Charleston nominee, if he be placed on a genuine squatter-sovereignty platform, which it believes the convention will adopt. The article concludes in italics as follows: "Should, however, we be mistaken in this belief, and the Convention shall, in any manner, change it on this subject, or weaken its force by assuming or following any decision of the Supreme Court adverse to it, or palter with it in any double sense, we are quite sure Judge Douglas would not and could not be its candidate. This is also a foregone conclusion. And if he does not accept a nomination on any such doubtful or contradictory platform, he could not be elected. All his great popularity with the masses would not save him."

A physician of an acrimonious disposition, who had a thorough hatred of lawyers, was in company with a barrister, and during the course of conversation, reproached the profession of the latter with the use of phrases utterly unintelligible.

"For example," said he, "I never could understand what you lawyers mean by docking an entail."

"That is very likely," answered the lawyer, "but I will explain it to you. It is doing what you doctors rarely consent to—suffering a recovery."

## Kentucky Institution for Feeble-Minded Children.

The Governor has appointed the following gentlemen as Commissioners of a new charitable institution established at Frankfort, by the last Legislature, for the education and training of feeble-minded children. The number of commissioners is eighteen—six are required to reside in Franklin county—six in the adjoining counties—and six in the State at large, viz:

John Rodman, T. D. Carnell, Robt. W. Scott, R. C. Anderson, John H. Vaughn, J. M. Lott, Frankfort; Dr. J. Paul Rankins, Scott county; H. Winn, Woodford county; Dr. John Witherspoon, Anderson county; Dr. J. Baker, Shelby county; J. G. Leach, Henry county; Dr. R. H. Gale, Owen county; Dr. C. S. Abell, Mercer county; Dr. J. Taylor, Bradford, Bracken county; Dr. W. S. Clary, Fayette county; Dr. C. William Jennings, Madison county; Dr. C. Walton, Hart county; and Dr. A. B. Chambers, Gallatin county.

The board of Commissioners appears to be a very excellent one, and we hope and believe that under their care this new and most interesting and valuable institution will soon be opened for operation and prosper, and become extensively useful. There are not probably less than eight hundred persons of feeble intellects in Kentucky, for whose relief this Institution has been established. Two hundred of this number are perhaps of a proper age to be placed in it for instruction and improvement.

A large building will therefore be required for their accommodation. The Legislature appropriated twenty thousand dollars for building purposes. This sum will not of course build such a house as is needed; but it will make a good beginning, and the State, which has been liberal to the people of the State, in the next meeting of the Legislature, make an appropriation sufficient to finish the edifice.

We hope therefore, the Board of Commissioners will lay the foundation of a first rate building—not an extravagant, but a substantial and good one, in good taste, susceptible, if necessary, of future enlargement; but adequate to the probable wants of the Institution for a number of years to come. It should be large enough for at least a hundred pupils.

Kentucky has distinguished herself in the cause of charity—in the provision she has made for all the involuntary sufferers in her bounds. She has made the cause of the poor, the blind, the deaf and dumb, the insane, and the feeble-minded, a matter of State policy, and has followed closely upon the footsteps of the most active of the Eastern States. This new enterprise which she has so readily and generously undertaken will be one of the most interesting and useful of the whole. We trust that it will meet with the continued favor and support of the people of the State, until it has been placed along side of its sister institutions in fully developed operation.

**Wm. Fisher, of Jessamine.**  
We were greatly astonished, a few days since to learn that Mr. Fisher, the Know-Nothing Representative of this county, who once entertained such a holy horror of the Catholic, was actually giving aid and comfort to that religious persuasion, by sending his own daughter to a Nunery to be educated by Nuns. What change has come over the man? Are the Catholics less numerous or less dangerous to the perpetuity of our country now than when he solemnly swore that he would always give preference to a native American over a foreigner, especially if he be a Catholic? How fickle, how unstable are Representative Opposition men. But the party is dead, and with it whatever semblance of principle originally belonging to it. Hence we need not be surprised at any act that may be perpetrated by those who once espoused its cause. So much for Mr. Fisher's practical Americanism.

[Nicholasville Democrat.]

**To the Editor of the Nicholasville Democrat:**  
(If there is any editor at all of that paper.)  
In your issue of last Thursday, I observe that you were greatly astonished at my sending my own daughter to a Catholic School. When I first saw the article in your paper, I thought I would not notice it, as I have done heretofore in reference to articles in your paper in relation to myself, but when a reptile crosses my path I cannot refrain from putting my heel upon his head.

I am astonished you frequently, sir. I am astonished you last August, and now again. You say I once entertained such a holy horror of Catholics, and that now I am giving aid and comfort to them. You never heard me express any hostility towards any religious denomination. But, if I have to give aid and comfort to either Catholics or Democrats, I would greatly prefer the Catholics, for then I would have some chance for Heaven.

You say that I solemnly swore that I would always give preference to a native American over a foreigner, especially if he be a Catholic. I deny the charge of ever taking such an oath. I am an old line Whig, and ever expect to remain one.

You say our party is dead. We were living last August, and you will find your "holy horror" (to use your own expression) that we will be still living next November. You do doubt wish our party dead so that your party could reap all the "spoils" without being watched and exposed.

Wm. FISHER.  
Jessamine co., April 21, 1860.

## W. A. GAINES.

DEALER IN  
Fine Groceries, Cigars and Tobacco.

Hardware, China, Glass and Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware.

COUNTRY PRODUCE, &c.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO THE  
Commission and Forwarding Business.

Will ship crops of Wheat, Corn or Barley to Louisville or Cincinnati for a commission of three cents per bushel. A reasonable percentage will be charged for storage, drayage, &c., on goods shipped to my care from other points.

I am also agent at this place for three reliable INSURANCE COMPANIES—the Quaker City, the Valley of Virginia, and the City Fire—all of which have made their surety statements, required by law, to the satisfaction of the State Auditor. Persons wishing their property insured can have it done in either of these offices on reasonable terms.

I have in store a good assortment of COAL OIL LAMPS and HONORS & CO'S COAL OIL LAMP at \$1.00 per gallon. I have also a large stock of LAMPS and LAMP GLASSES, and can get you on trial. Lamp to be returned if you do not like it. The following articles comprise a portion of my stock:

Wood Saws, Coal Buckets, Painted Buckets, Bath Tubs, Wash Tubs, Muffin Moulds, Butter Ropes, Plover Lines, Bed Cord, Pot Lids, Willow Baskets, Mackerel, &c., Star Candles, Tallow Candles, German Soap, Palm Soap, Rosin Soap, Toilet Soap, Fresh Potatoes in cans, Fresh Cherries in cans, Lobsters in cans, Sardines in cans, Split Baskets, Fine Gunpowder Tea, Fine Black Tea, Old Gov. Java Coffee, Prime Rio Coffee, French China Cups and Saucers, plain, white and gilt; French China Dishes, plain, white and gilt; French China Pitchers, plain, white and gilt; French China Plates, plain, white and gilt; French China Soup Tureens; Foot Stools, Black Tea Pots; China and Glass Candelsticks; Molasses Cans and Syrup Bottles; Glass Tumblers, all sizes and prices; Wash Bowls and Pitchers; Fruit Bowls; Spoon Holders; Tea Trays, all sizes; Spice Boxes; Diced or Cash Boxes; Glass Lanterns; Balcher's Golden Syrup.

St. James' Sugar-house Molasses; And many other articles in the Groceries, China-ware and Hardware business that is useful to housekeepers. All of which will be sold at low prices for Cash, and punctual customers who will pay their accounts by May, September and January. (April 20, '60.)

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

**For the Office of Sheriff.**  
We are authorized to announce HARRY L. TODD as a candidate for Sheriff of Franklin county, at the August election, 1860.

## THE MANSION HOUSE.

Having taken back from Mr. LOCKER the Mansion House Property, I desire to sell it, and propositions may be made to E. S. & J. R. PAGE until the 15th of May. After that date I will dispose of the property, to suit purchasers. Whether a small one, or a large one, for hotel purposes after that date I leave for the consideration of the citizens of Frankfort and Franklin county, as it cannot be expected that I should, alone, have it kept as a Hotel, when I can do much better with the property by disposing of it in lots.

Mr. A. W. BROWN, who occupies a room in the Mansion House, is authorized by me to sell any article of Furniture, &c., which I wish to dispose of, at private sale, to persons who may wish to purchase. Call upon him either at his room or at the Commonwealth-Printing Office.

A. G. HODGES.  
Frankfort, April 16, 1860.

The Mustang Liniment cures Rheumatism; The Mustang Liniment cures Stiff Joints; The Mustang Liniment cures Burns and Scalds; The Mustang Liniment cures Sores, Ulcers, Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples; Neuralgia, Corns and Warts, and to death.

## 1,000,000 DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

To the United States, as the preserver and restorer of valuable Horses and Cattle. It cures all Spasms, Colic, Wounds, Stiff Joints, &c. Did you ever hear of any ordinary Sore, Swelling, Sprain or Stiffness, either on man or beast, which the Mustang Liniment would not cure? Did you ever visit any respectable Druggist in any part of the world—in Europe, Asia or America—who did not say "It was the greatest discovery of the age?" Sold everywhere. Every family should have it in three sizes. J. B. GARNES & PARK, Proprietors, New York.

An old Indian Doctor, 72 years old, having given up practice, will give his services the remainder of his life, in exchange, in order that his successful mode of curing Consumption, and all other Lung Diseases, may be placed in reach of all; and to that end he has made his mode of cure (which has proved successful in thousands of cases) at all applying for it, free of charge. Address, WM. R. MOSES, Box 448 P. O., New York.

April 2, 1860—w4m.

## The Confessions of an Unfortunate Man.

Who brought upon himself the most obstinate nervous affection, premature decay, &c., by indolence and self abuse—published for the benefit of the afflicted and particularly addressed to young married people and those contemplating marriage, pointing out the way they may be restored to perfect health. The author having himself been cured, desires to place in the hands of the unfortunate the means by which they can find relief, and also to put a stop to the various impostures practiced upon the unwary. He will send his experience free of charge.

Address, WM. J. HORNBY, Box 488, P. O., New York.

Feb. 7, 1860—w4m.

## "THE UNION."

The Address of Rev. JAMES CRAIK, D. D., delivered in the Hall of the House of Representatives, December 19, 1859, is for sale at the Bookstore of SAM. C. BULL, by the single copy or by the hundred copies. February 23, 1860—4r.

## DISSOLUTION.

The firm of PAGE, GAINES & PAGE was, on the 23d of January, 1860, dissolved by mutual consent—T. S. & J. R. PAGE retaining the Dry Goods and Queensware Establishment, with the notes and accounts of said firm—their business will be settled up by said T. S. & J. R. PAGE—W. A. GAINES retaining the Hardware and Grocery. Both Establishments will be carried on at the same stands, where we will be pleased to serve our old patrons, and as many new ones as can make it to their interest to patronize us.

T. S. & J. R. PAGE, W. A. GAINES, Wm. J. Hornby copy.

February 4, 1860.

## MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS!!

MRS. F. T. LYONS,  
Saint Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,  
Have just received and opened a full and large assortment of Fashionable Fall and Winter Millinery Goods. The new stock embraces Cloaks, Points, Bonnets, Ribbons, Head-dresses, Caps, &c., &c., all of the latest styles and fashions.

Don't send to Louisville or Lexington when you can get what you want equally as elegant and for cheaper at home. Call and see. Mrs. F. T. LYONS.  
I am also Agent for WHITLER & WILSON'S Improved Sewing Machines. (Oct. 14, 1859.)

## REMOVAL.

H. R. RUNYAN  
Has removed his store to doors above his old stand. He is selling his Goods, we are informed, at the lowest possible rate for cash down. Give him a call. We repeat what we said before, Runyan is all right. Frankfort, Nov. 14, 1859.

## H. WHITTINGHAM.

NEWSPAPER & PERIODICAL AGENT.

Frankfort, Kentucky.  
Circulates all the American and Foreign Weekly, Monthly, and Quarterly, on the most liberal terms. Advances Sheets received from twenty-four Publishers. Back numbers supplied to complete sets.

November 24, 1859.

## Metcalfe's "Kentucky Reports,"

VOLUME I. PRICE \$3.

We will send the first Volume of Metcalfe's Reports by mail, postage paid, to any one who may wish it, on receipt of \$5.

Aug. 21, 1859. Com'g Office, Frankfort, Ky.

## THE 1ST VOLUME

OF THE

## KENTUCKY FARMER.

Bound and bound with Music Backs and Six Paper Covers, can be had at this office at \$1 per copy.

Sep. 2, 1859. A. G. HODGES & CO.

## New Style of Hats.

Philadelphia Fall style of Gentlemen's SILK HATS, just opened. Get the best.

S. C. BULL'S Book and Shoe Store.

September 2, 1859.

JOHN W. PRUETT is authorized to collect all claims due me in the County of Franklin and City of Frankfort. I have also placed in Mr. Pruett's hands many notes due me by persons living in and out of the State of Kentucky.

A. G. HODGES.

## LANDRETH'S

WARRANTED

GARDEN SEEDS.

FRESH SUPPLY OF THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN GARDEN SEEDS just received at

S. C. BULL'S.

Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort Railroad.

On and after Friday, April 27, 1860, trains will arrive at Frankfort as follows:

Trains going East at 8:30, A. M., and 6 P. M.

Trains going West at 7 A. M., and 3:45 P. M.

For further information please call at the Station Agents Office, Frankfort.

May 1, 1860—SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent.

April 27, 1860—4r.

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effective alternative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alternative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, Eruptions and Eruptions Diseases, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPESIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in



## HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can attest with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, that the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blustering puffery. The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year the consumption will reach near one million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is not a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of testimony, but a permanent one, based upon a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in it a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and refreshing generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomach derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when their cases are so harassing that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so absorbingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to restore the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive the endorsement of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhoea, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, superannuated invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a fair trial.

**CAUTION.**—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. C. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

For sale by all druggists at FRANKFORT, Kentucky, 1894-5.

## PRINTERS AND BINDERS

WAREHOUSE.  
99 and 31 Gold Street, New York.

MANUFACTURERS: Brown, Sherry, & Co., 21, N. Y. and Franklin Street, Boston, Mass.

THE subscribers manufacture Single and Double Cylinder and Type-Revolving.

## PRINTING MACHINES.

Bed and Platen Book and Job Printing Presses, (Adams' Patent),

HAND & CARD PRESSES, HYDRAULIC PRESSES with wrought-iron cylinders, Steadfast Presses of various kinds, Chases, Furniture, Cases, Stands, Brass Racks, Compositing with and without galley, with the use of Letter-press, Copper-plate and Lithographic Printing, Engraving, and all kinds of bookbinding, always on hand.

A new catalogue, containing cuts and descriptions of many new machines not before shown in our book, with directions for putting up, working, &c., and useful information, is now in press, and when completed will be sent to any of the craft who will furnish their address.

New York, and Boston, Mass.

IF Publishers of newspapers are at liberty to insert this advertisement three times in their weekly paper, with the note, at any time during the year, a trial, but not later, provided they purchase type or material of our manufacture for four times the amount of their bill, which will be allowed in settlement of our bill, except of a copy of their paper, containing the advertisement.

[March 27, 90-4]

## MOSELEY'S TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON

ARCH BRIDGES AND CORRUGATED IRON ROOFS.

(ARCHED AND FLAT.)

As cheap as wood, and our manufacture is capable of supplying any quantity of Corrugated Iron, constantly on hand of all sizes, painted and ready for shipment, with full instructions for applying them.

Please orders at No. 66 West Third Street, Cincinnati.

April 1, 1890-5.

## WOOD FOR SALE.

I CAN supply the citizens of Frankfort with Wood. By sending their order to my Stable, near the Railroad Depot, they can get a load within one hour at any time. Price \$3 per Cord, or \$1.50 for a Half Cord.

Nov. 18, 1890-4.

JOHN HENDERSON

## SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE Second Session of Mrs. HALLIE E. TODD'S School will commence on Monday, February 20, 1890. Terms, per Session of 20 Weeks, \$10.

ROCKAWAY for Sale.

A TWO seat rockaway, which will be sold cheap for Cash or good paper. Apply to June 15, 1890.

E. HENSLY.

## THE SEAMLESS CAP.

A NEW and beautiful style just come to hand. A March 1-4-1890. REYNOLDS & CRUTCHER'S.

## NOTICE.

PERSONS having testimonials indebted to us, either by note or account, will please call and settle. We need money in order to make our Spring publications. March 3, 1890. REYNOLDS & CRUTCHER'S.

## JOHN C. HENDRICKS,

DEALER IN

Fine Groceries and Confectioneries,

PURE OLD WHISKY,

BRANDIES, WINES, GIN, &c., &c.,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Preserves, Fruits, Pickles, Toys, and Cordials, &c., &c., &c.

CORNER ST. CLAIR & BROADWAY STS.,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

January 30, 1890. (d&w.)

## NEW GOODS!

S. C. BULL,

No. 1, St. Clair Street, Frankfort,

Has just received his Spring Importation, comprising a large and well selected stock of

CENTS, BOYS, AND YOUTHS HATS.

Silk, Fur, and Straw. A great variety of styles, and prices low. Also,

LADIES, MISSES, AND CHILDREN'S

Latest Kid, and Morocco Gaiters, Boots, and Slippers, with and without heels. Gents, Youths, and Boys Gaiters, Boots, and Oxford Ties.

A large and well selected lot of Servants' Hats, and Boots and Shoes.

NEW SPUN WALL PAPER now opened.

FRENCH HATS.

A few genuine French Hats, very fine.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Umbrellas and Walking Canes. Call and see for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere. (April 4-5)

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$400 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that J. H. McCune did kill and murder one John Wiggins, in the county of Graves, has fled from justice, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, BERRIAH MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Four Hundred Dollars for the apprehension of said J. H. McCune, and his delivery to the Jailor of Graves county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 1st day of February, A. D. 1890, and in the 6th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

Two: B. MORGAN, Jr., Secretary of State.

By J. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

Feb. 3, 1890-w&w-3.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that J. S. MOORE, who is indicted in the Butler County and Criminal Court for the murder of Wm. H. Hulse, on the 10th day of May, 1889, has made his escape, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, BERRIAH MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars, for the apprehension of said Moore, and his delivery to the Jailor of Butler county, in one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 10th day of March 1890, and in the 6th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

Two: B. MORGAN, Jr., Secretary of State.

By J. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

March 16, 1890-w&w-3.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that LENA H. SNAPP was, on the night of the 14th instant, murdered by some unknown person or persons in the county of Jefferson, in one year from the date hereof.

Now, therefore, I, BERRIAH MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Five Hundred Dollars for the apprehension of said Snapp, and his delivery to the Jailor of Jefferson county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1890, and in the 6th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.

Two: B. MORGAN, Jr., Secretary of State.

By J. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

April 2, 1890-w&w-3.

## THE KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.

THE INSTITUTE is directed by a Board of Visitors appointed by the State, and is under the superintendence of Col. R. W. MOORE, a distinguished graduate of West Point, and a practical Engineer, and is an able faculty.

The course of study hereat is taught in College and more in Mathematics, Mechanics, Machines, Construction, Agriculture, and in the study of English Literature, Historical Readings, and Modern Languages.

Schools of Architecture, Engineering, Commerce, Medicine, and Law, admit of selecting studies to suit time, means, and object of professional preparation. The Institute will accept of students on the 1st of September, 1890, and on the 1st of January, 1891, and on the 1st of May, 1891, and on the 1st of September, 1891, and on the 1st of January, 1892, and on the 1st of May, 1892, and on the 1st of September, 1892, and on the 1st of January, 1893, and on the 1st of May, 1893, and on the 1st of September, 1893, and on the 1st of January, 1894, and on the 1st of May, 1894, and on the 1st of September, 1894, and on the 1st of January, 1895, and on the 1st of May, 1895, and on the 1st of September, 1895, and on the 1st of January, 1896, and on the 1st of May, 1896, and on the 1st of September, 1896, and on the 1st of January, 1897, and on the 1st of May, 1897, and on the 1st of September, 1897, and on the 1st of January, 1898, and on the 1st of May, 1898, and on the 1st of September, 1898, and on the 1st of January, 1899, and on the 1st of May, 1899, and on the 1st of September, 1899, and on the 1st of January, 1900, and on the 1st of May, 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